Guiding Principles
For the UK government, for the government of Bermuda and for the people of Bermuda.

1. To recognise that all people need a healthy environment for their well-being and livelihoods and that all can help to conserve and sustain it.
2. To use our natural resources wisely, being fair to present and future generations.
3. To identify environmental opportunities, costs and risks in all policies and strategies.
4. To seek expert advice and consult openly with interested parties on decisions affecting the environment.
5. To aim for solutions which benefit both the environment and development.
6. To contribute towards the protection and improvement of the global environment.
7. To safeguard and restore native species, habitats and landscape features, and control or eradicate invasive species.
8. To encourage activities and technologies that benefit the environment.
9. To control pollution, with the polluter paying for prevention or remedies.
10. To study and celebrate our environmental heritage as a treasure to share with our children.

Commitments
The government of the UK will:
1. Help build capacity to support and implement integrated environmental management which is consistent with Bermuda's own plan for sustainable development.
2. Assist Bermuda in reviewing and updating environmental legislation.
3. Facilitate the extension of the UK's notification of Multilateral Environmental Agreements of benefit to Bermuda and which Bermuda has the capacity to implement.
4. Keep Bermuda informed regarding new developments in relevant Multilateral Environmental Agreements and invite Bermuda to participate where appropriate in the UK delegation to international environmental negotiations and conferences.
5. Help Bermuda to ensure that there is cooperation, institutional capacity and mechanisms so that international obligations are carried out.
6. Promote better cooperation and the sharing of experience and expertise between Bermuda, other Overseas Territories and small island states and communities which face similar environmental problems.
7. Use UK regional and local expertise to give advice and improve knowledge of technical and scientific issues. This includes regular consultation with interested non-governmental organisations and networks.
8. Use the existing Environment Fund for the Overseas Territories, and promote access to other sources of public funding, for projects helping to benefit Bermuda's environment.
9. Help Bermuda identify further funding partners for environmental projects, such as donors, the private sector or non-governmental organisations.
10. Recognise the diversity of the challenges facing Overseas Territories in very different socio-economic and geographical situations.
11. Abide by the principles set out in the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development (See Annex 2) and work towards meeting International Development Targets on the environment (See Annex 3).

The government of Bermuda will:
1. Bring together government departments, representatives of local industry and commerce, environment and heritage organisations, the Governor's office, individual environmental champions and other community representatives in a forum to formulate a strategy for action. (See Annex 1).
2. Ensure the protection and restoration of key habitat, species and landscape features through legislation and appropriate management structures and mechanisms, including a protected areas policy, and attempt the control and eradication of invasive species.
3. Ensure that environmental considerations are integrated within social and economic planning processes; promote sustainable patterns of production and consumption within the territory.
4. Ensure that environmental impact assessments are undertaken before approving major projects and while developing our growth management strategies.
5. Commit to open and consultative decision-making on developments and plans which may affect the environment; ensure that environmental impact assessments include consultation with stakeholders.
6. Implement effectively obligations under the Multilateral Environmental Agreements already extended to Bermuda and work towards the extension of other relevant agreements.
7. Review the range, quality and availability of baseline data for natural resources and biodiversity.
8. Ensure that legislation and policies reflect the priorities that the pollutant should pay for pollution or remedies; establish effective monitoring and enforcement mechanisms.
9. Encourage teaching within schools to pass on the value of our local environment (natural and built) and to explain its role within the regional and global environment.
10. Promote publications that spread awareness of the special features of the environment in Bermuda; promote within Bermuda the guiding principles set out above.
11. Abide by the principles set out in the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development (See Annex 2) and work towards meeting International Development Targets on the environment (See Annex 3).